

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

VOL. XX.

CYNTHIANA, KY., OCTOBER 6, 1870.

NO. 31

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

A. J. MOREY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TERMS.
The CYNTHIANA NEWS is published weekly
\$2 per annum in advance.

| Rates of Advertising | |
|-------------------------|--------|
| PER SQUARE OF 10 LINES. | |
| One insertion | \$1.00 |
| Three months | 4.00 |
| Six months | 7.00 |
| Twelve months | 10.00 |
| Ordinary Notices | 0.50 |

Job Work, executed with neatness
and dispatch, on reasonable terms.
The News has been incorporated by
the Legislature of Kentucky and can pub-
lish Legal Advertisements.

Kentucky Central Rail Road

UP TRAINS.
Leave Covington at 7.30 A. M. and 1.40 P. M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 10.25 A. M., and 4.35
P. M.
Arrive at Lexington at 12.00 Noon, and
6.30 P. M.
Arrive at Nicholasville at 12.45 P. M., and
7.30 P. M.
DOWN TRAINS.
Leave Nicholasville at 4.50 A. M. and 1.00
P. M.
Leave Lexington at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 8.35 A. M. and 4.35
P. M.
Arrive at Covington at 11.30 A. M. and 7.30
P. M.
Both trains run through between
Covington and Nicholasville.

C. L. DONNALLY.

Resident Dentist, Cynthiana, Ky.
Office on Pike street, over Cox's Dry
Goods Store. May 27-71.

HILL & SMITH,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
AND
LIQUOR DEALERS.
No. 19 & 21 Pike street, Covington, Ky.
Storage and Commission
men 22-66

B. K. REYNOLDS;
Distiller and Manufacturer of
Pure Bourbon
AND
Rye Whisky.
Boyd's Station,
HARRISON COUNTY, KY.
December 16, 1869-71.

Desirable City Property for Sale.
THE undersigned having purchased the
Harrison Hotel and intending in future
to apply all his time, talent, attention and
money to the keeping of First Class Hotel,
is desirous of selling the House and lot of
ground, containing acres, upon the corner
of Mill and Main streets, in Cynthiana, Ky.,
and being the same property occupied as a
residence by Leon Gason. The House is a
good substantial brick, in good repair,
and has all the necessary out buildings, con-
sisting of Kitchen, Smoke-house, &c. A
never failing Well of water is upon the lot,
and a large and well selected assortment of
fruit trees, grape vines and current bushes,
beautify and adorn the Premises. Persons
desiring this description of property
will do well to call upon the undersigned
(at his Store House upon Main Street), who
will take great pleasure in giving all desired
information, or if desirable will accompany
any such persons as may wish to purchase
over the entire premises. Terms reasonable.
Payments easy. Call on or address
H. C. NEBEL,
Main Street, Cynthiana, Ky.
Jan. 27-70.

John L. Lehman,
CONFECTIONER,
No. 507 Madison Street,
COVINGTON, KY.

Weddings and Parties furnished in
the Latest Styles.
June 9, 1870.

Queen City Copper Works
Rooney & Shaddinger,
(Late of James H. H. & Co.)
Coppersmiths,
S. W. Cor. Pearl and Lawrence
CINCINNATI, Ohio,
Manufacturers of
ENGINE & DISTILLERY WORK
Of all kinds, such as
Alcohol Stills, Columns, Pumps of
all kinds, Steamboat Coal Oil,
Chemical & Brewery Work
Soda Fontaines and Generators made to
order and repaired at short notice.
March 25-71

HAIR GOODS.
LADIES' BAZAAR,
No. 33 East 5th Street,
COVINGTON, KY.

LADIES' Hair Goods in every variety.
Ladies' Hair Braids, Curls, Chignons,
Switches, Nets, Puffs, Combs, Brushes,
Curlers, Crimpers, Hair Dressings, Hair
Restoratives, Hair Dyes, &c., &c.

ANY DESIGN IN
HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.
All work warranted as represented.
MRS. A. BURT,
P. O. Box No. 66, Covington, Ky.
March 31, 1870-71.

JOB WORK neatly executed at
the News Office

H. D. FRISBIE,

CYNTHIANA, KY.,
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Coal
Youghiogheny, Coalburg and Honey-
well cannel, by the car load, or cart load for
CASH ONLY. As is well known, I can and
will undersell any and every other coal
dealer. I mean what I say when I say I will
sell for cash only, as I cannot and will not
sell on time to any one.
November 25, 1869.

DREXEL & MABUS

Fashionable
Merchant Tailors
AND DEALERS IN
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
SOUTH-EAST COR. MADISON & SIXTH STS.,
COVINGTON, KY.
March 24, 1870.

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED

JUST published, second edition, Dr.
J. LEWIS, (254 pages). The Medical
Companion and Guide to Health, on the
radical cure of Superstitions or Scintal
Weakness, Impotency, Mental and Physical
Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.,
and the Venereal and Syphilitic Maladies,
with plain and clear directions for the
speedy cure of Secondary Symptoms, Gon-
orrhea, Gleet, Stricture, and all diseases
of the skin, such as Scoury, Scrofula, Ulcers,
Boils, Blotches, and pimples on the face and
body, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, in-
duced by self-indulgence or sexual extrava-
gance.
The celebrated author, in this admirable
Treatise, clearly demonstrates, from a forty
years' successful practice, that the alarming
consequences of self-abuse may be radically
cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once
simple, certain and effectual, by means of
which every sufferer, no matter what his
condition may be, can be effectually cured,
cheaply, privately and radically. This
Book should be in the hands of every youth
and every man in the land.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope—
Price 50 cents.
Address,
No. 7 Beach St., New York.
40 years' private practice.
March 10, 1870-71.

N. W. HORSE & AIL CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Hammered Horse Nails.
OUR Nails are manufactured entirely
from "Benzon" Iron, and are un-
surpassed by any nail in market. They are the
"STANDARD" HORSE NAIL.
Office, 68 West Van Buren Street, Factory,
26 to 68 West Van Buren, corner Clinton,
Street, Chicago. N. CORWITZ, Pres.
A. W. KINGSLAND, Sec'y.
G. W. MALLEY, Supt.
Sent samples and price list.
April 21, 1870-6mo.

J. B. Kirkpatrick.

COOPER.
DEALER IN COOPERAGE,
Between Scott and Madison, and
Seventh and Eighth Sts.,
in rear of Brewster's Coal Yard,
COVINGTON, KY.

Keep constantly on hand, and make to
order Cooperage of all kinds and sizes.
Repairing promptly attended to on short
notice.
April 11-71

Robert Wood & Co.

PHILADELPHIA
ORNAMENTAL
IRON WORKS
Garden & Cemetery Adornments,
AST, WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE
RAILINGS, FOUNTAINS, VASES,
VERANDAS, SETTEES, ARBOURS,
HALLS, SUMMER HOUSES,
IRON STAIRS,
Spiral and straight, in every variety of
pattern. New and improved styles of Hay
Racks, Mangers, Stable Fixtures, Stall
Divisions, &c.

PATENT WARE WORK.

Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window
Guards, Farm Fencing, &c.

Bronze Work.

Having fitted up our Foundry with special
reference to the above class of work, we
are now prepared to fill with promptness
all orders for Bronze castings of Statuary,
colossal, heroic, and life size.

ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.

The largest assortment to be found in the
United States, all of which are executed
with the express view of pleasing the taste,
while they combine all the requisites of
beauty and substantial construction.
Purchasers may rely on having all articles
carefully boxed and shipped to the place of
destination.
Designs will be sent to those who wish
to make a selection.
May 3, 1870-6mo.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING!

ACCORDING to the great reductions in
Woolen Goods, also to the scarcity of
money, I am now prepared to sell my Goods,
at the lowest CASH FIGURES ever offered
in this market:
No. 1 Black Cloth Coat's \$25 to \$30
No. 2 " " " 15 to 18
All Wool Cassimers 20 to 25
Cassimets 12 to 18
One all Wool Coat 10 to 15
" Cassimets 6 to 8
" Linen " 2 to 3

PANTS.

All Wool Cassimere \$7.00 to \$9.00
Cassimets 3.50 to 5.00
Linen Marsalles 2.50 to 3.50
Plain Linen 1.50 to 2.50
Cotton 1.50 to 2.00
Vests from 1.50 to 6.00
April 18-71

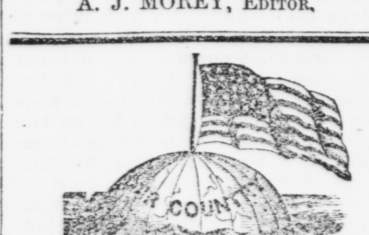
J. AND A. FENNELL,

(Opposite Commercial Bank.)
Keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
Saddles, Harness, Trunks,
Valises, Carpet Sacks, Bridles, Collars,
Brushes, Combs, Spurs, Blankets, and ev-
ery thing in the Saddle and Harness line.
May 27-71.

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA, --- OCTOBER 6, 1870.

A. J. MOREY, EDITOR.



[For the Cynthiana News.
SHREVEPORT, LA.,
September 18th, 1870.]

DEAR NEWS:—After perusing your
enterprising paper of recent date, it
occurred to me that I too would in-
dite a few lines to the "News."

To-day is Sunday—bright, calm
and holy. Autumn with all its attend-
ant blessings and pleasure, is now
fairly unfolding its charms to our
delighted sense. Gentle breezes
and bright blue-skies overhead.—
Stillness reigns supreme upon the
streets of our great commercial city,
and the winds whisper softly as if
not to disturb the quiet. Even the
little birds appear to be singing songs
of love and praise to the Omnipot-
ent Being on high for his goodness
and mercy. And, as we sit and
watch them, our thoughts revert to
our Kentucky home, and the scenes
that are numbered with the things
that were, but which fond memory
will ever cherish. Why should we
not heed and profit by the precepts
taught by a devoted and loving
Mother, lest the time should come
(with no one to plead our cause)
when we will sink to that place of
eternal torment, "where the worm
dieth not, and the fire is not quenched."
It seems but a few weeks
since we bid adieu to friends and
the dear ones at "Locust Grove,"
our Bourbon home. Since then the
death angel hovered round that
home and carefully bore away a
lovely woman, and deprived one of a
dear mother—left him to realize the
indescribable feelings of an "Or-
phan." She was one who antici-
pated every wish and want, and cheer-
fully submitted to every trial and
privation for his comfort. Her in-
fluence was great with him at all
times, especially so when traveling
the dangerous paths of youth. Her
loss is irreparable—but why should
we mourn her death, when her noble
spirit has been waited on angels wings
to Heaven? We can never hear her
winning voice again, but in the sweet
"bye and bye" we hope to meet on
that beautiful shore. She was for
many years a continued and consist-
ent member of the Church of Christ,
and was ever ready to make a sad
heart smile by contributing to the
comfort of the "poor and needy."
'Tis hard to realize the sad truth that
she is dead—no, not dead but sleep-
ing—gone to a premature grave.
Let us remember her motto, "Esse
quam videri."

"Slumber sweetly, dearly loved one,
Angel-mother, 'gone before,'
To join the holy angels,
On that far off shining shore,
Oh, we miss thee, sadly miss thee,
And the world seems dark and drear,
Since thou left us, angel-mother,
For a fairer, brighter shore."
MRS. C. C. RULE.

For the Cynthiana News.

FRIEND MOREY:—In your issue of
the 29th inst., you were so kind as to
publish the communication, I sent
you on the subject of Common
Schools. I now enclose another
setting forth some of the imperfec-
tions of the present law. To enter,
through a newspaper, into all the
details of the system, would occupy
more space in your paper than you
would be willing to allow, and re-
quire more time than I can spare
from my daily labors. Therefore I
shall be concise.

The first defect we find in the law
is that the funds can not be distrib-
uted and paid out except to districts
in which schools are actually taught.
The funds for those districts in which
no schools are taught go back to the
Treasury, and are placed to the
credit of the county, as unexpended
surplus. Why should not the law
provide that the full amount of the
fund due each county be distributed
to the districts in which school are
taught? This district is entitled to

about \$150 for 77 scholars, and yet
the Trustees will be compelled to
raise by subscription about \$100 to
defray the Teachers salaries for five
months. Harrison county had ten
districts having no common schools,
and thus about \$1,000 became dead
capital. The people pay the taxes,
and therefore, so long as the fund is
greatly inadequate to the entire sup-
port of the common schools they are
opposed to the accumulation of dead
capital.

Another defect in the school law
is the multitude of officers and their
inefficiency. It is not for the inter-
est of the schools to have the terri-
tory divided into such small districts.

It makes too many school officers,
and allows too great a diversity of
plans and interests. Each school is
almost a community of itself in
in which there is little or no unity of
action. The plan of districts was
tried in several States for many years
and then abandoned for the plan now
in vogue of county or township dis-
tricts, by which great uniformity was
introduced upon all subjects connect-
ed with the administration of the
system. In this county we have
about one hundred and eighty Trus-
tees, whereas one Trustee to each
district would reduce the number to
about sixty. And even this number
is a real hindrance instead of a bene-
fit; but what is still more to the
purpose, that number of really com-
petent men is not to be found in any
county in this State, who are willing
to devote their time to the cause.

In one district, for instance, the com-
mon school has been in operation
nine weeks and only one of the Trus-
tees has ever made his appearance
and he remained not over ten min-
utes. Would not one Trustee be
more likely to visit the school than
when he relies on his two colleagues?

Not to be too lengthy, I shall refer
to only one more defect at this time,
and it is worthy of consideration, for
it is the main spring by which alone
it derives its vitality. I mean the
want of adequate funds to carry it
on with vigor and energy. Before
the introduction of the common
schools in Kentucky, any teacher
could get "one dollar and a quarter
per scholar per month," now the
school fund pays only about "Two
Dollars and Ten cents for the school
year." Does this give experienced
and professional teachers any en-
couragement to devote themselves
to the arduous duties of the school
room? If the Common school sys-
tem is to attain that high standard
which it has in our sister States,
competent and experienced teachers
must be employed at a liberal salary.
No competent man will labor with
zeal and energy and devote his life
and talents to the arduous and re-
sponsible task of a Teacher whose
wages are no better than those of a
hod-carrier.

In Prussia none but the most com-
petent teachers are employed. They
receive a salary which is sufficient to
support their families decently and
comfortably, and when superannu-
ated receive a pension during the re-
maining years of their lives.

More anon. Your friend,
H**** I****.

[For the Cynthiana News.

At a meeting of the Robertson
county Bar, held at the Court House,
in the town of Mt. Olivet, on Mon-
day, 19th day of September, 1870,
Judge O. S. Denning, was called to
the chair, and C. C. Davis, Esq., ap-
pointed Secretary. Upon motion W.
V. Prather and J. A. Buckler, Esqs.,
were appointed a committee to draft
resolutions expressive of the senti-
ment of the meeting, who reported
the following which were unani-
mously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby tender
our thanks to the Hon. Duncan Har-
ding, for the able, impartial and cour-
teous manner in which he has dis-
charged the onerous duties of the
office of County Judge of our county,
since its organization, and that our
warmest wishes for his welfare at-
tend him in his retirement to private
life.

Resolved, That a copy of these
proceedings be furnished the Cyn-
thiana News and Carlisle Mercury for
publication, and that they be spread
upon the minutes of the County
Court.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

Money Plenty Again—Gold in Abundance—Why the Family Remain at the Branch.

LONG BRANCH, September —
MISTHER FUMMERY—Bridget says
for the seventy-five cents ye sint her
ye have her blessing, wid a wish that
ye may niver be in want; that ye
may niver know that it is to be hun-
gry in body and soul; that ye may
niver have the cholera, or be Presi-
dent of the United States. We are in
bether circumstances than whin last
I wrote yez, as thin it was moighty
seldom where the next male would
come from, but since me cousin
Ulisses came back from Washington
the say bache and ivery things has
samed to flow wid milk and honey-
comb. Divil the know do I there me
cousin made a raise of so many
shillings, but his pockets are a per-
fect freshet of granebacks, and jing-
ling of gold is agane heard in the
land. And the quarest-looking
gold ye iver experienced, I am sure.
Whin I was blacking me cousin's
boots this morning, I felt something
of a metallic nature, and thinking it
noting more than some nails in his
boots that had been melted by the
action of the fishy that had dripped
through, I chucked it out on the floor,
whin Bridget picked it up and tuck-
ed it intil her bosom. It has become
an established fact, demonstrated
by frequent observation, that whin
Bridget puts anything intil her bo-
som, there is a certain intrinsic value
attached till it; and, acting upon
this knowledge which experience
had brought till me, I immediately
felt a kind of fellow feeling for her,
and thried by force of arms to rescue
from its untimely fate the valuables
she had concealed about her person.
She evaded me wid a shrugging
brush, which she applied to me head,
whin I shtruck an attitude like
Wilkes Booth in Abraham's ghost,
and says I, "Render unto Seizer the
things that are Seizer's," and then I
seized her, and argued wid her wid
the blacking brush, and during the
little brush we had Mrs. Grant's cor-
sets, which Bridget was wearing,
broke, and out of the depths rowled
the most illigant pace of gold yez
eyes iver rested on. I couldn't tell
from what country it came, but
Bridget said it was Frinch gold, from
Brest. She knew Frinch gold
because wonce a Frinchman paid
her for some work she did for him
in the same kind of stuff. This fact
set me to thinking, and all at wonce
without a moment's warning, an idea
came crashing in on me brain, the
first that had been there for weeks,
and it was aisy for me to see why me
cousin Ulisses had hurried off till
Washington to sign the proclamation
and things written be the clerks in
his absence, recognizing France as a
Republic. Arrah, sir, 'there is a
tide in the affairs of min, (thick, taken
at its flood, lades on to the peniten-
tiary," as the good book says. Me
cousin has shtruck it, and begorra,
I'll go wid him, as long as the gold
lasts. I suppose some Presidents
would recognize republics widout
getting a cint for his trouble, but I
am proud to be able to announce that
me darling cousin Ulisses is not won
of the chape kind. Divil the wonce.
I hope Cuba may learn a lesson
be this, and if she wants to be recog-
nized as a Republic be the besht
Government the world iver saw, let
her come down wid a reasonable
compensation for the trouble, and she can
be rescued from the ox yoke of Spain
on short notice and on the mosht
reasonable terms. For particulars,
inquire on the premises.

I have been wondering, and so, be
the same token, has Bridget, that
the divil takes me cousin here at
Long Branch, either ivery other
family has gone home. Even the
nagers that drive the Buchu wagon
have gone, and we are as deserted as
Napoleon at St. Helany, or Grayley
since he was defeated for the Gover-
norship of New York. At lasht light
had broken in on me, and the razor
is plain. Yesterday me cousin's wife
and old Dint, her father, went on a
shrike. They said this thing was
getting too thin, and they wouldn't
stand it to be exiled on this sand
bache any longer, and that they were
going to Washington thether me
cousin did or not. Then me cousin
broke out weeping—the tunder heart-
ed durling—and told them it they
persisted in that insane determina-
tion, it would be the ruination of
him. He said it would be aisy thirty
thousand dollars out of his pocket.
"And how do ye make out," says
old Dint, "that our prisence here
is worth that amont of money. It's
the first indication I have had that I
was of any practical value at all, at
all. If I am of such importance, I'll
thank you to advance a portion of me
intrinsic value, and I'll stait till next
shipping."

Then says me cousin:
"Your value is somewhat over-
rated. Here at the cottage, for a few
weeks, your prisence is of the ut-
most importance, but otherwise
you aint worth a dam. In the
deed which conveys the property to

me from Misther Bradley in consid-
eration of the appointment of himself
as Supreme Judge is a clause which
says that unless the President and his
family remain in the cottage till the
fust of October of each year, the
property reverts back to the origi-
nal owner. So you see if you leave
and return to Washington I can't
hold the property for a single day."

This explanation was satisfactory,
though all agreed that old Bradley
was a hard master. But probably
he was working for the pesht in-
terests of the people here.

Perhaps ye don't know the rason
Grayley was defeated at Saratoga.
I'll tell yez. Ye see he had offered
me cousin some shlock in the Tribu-
ne if he would appoint him English
Minister, and as me cousin didn't
want any thing but money for such
offices, he thought the chapest way
would be to get Grayley nominated
for Governor of New York. So me
cousin sint a thrusty agent to Sara-
toga to help get Grayley nominated
and gave him some money to use if
necessary, to accomplish the purpose.
As it was Bin Butler me cousin sint,
ye can imagine the result. He was
surrounded on his arrival at Sarato-
ga be rival candidates, and they aisy-
ly bought him up to work for them,
and the consequence was that a boy
was nominated, because he had more
money than Grayley's friends. And
now that old divil Grayley insists
on palming off on to me cousin some
shlock in a profane sheet as pay for
one of the besht offices me cousin
has at his disposal, and threatens if
he don't get it, he will let out so
many secrets of me cousin's admin-
istration that he couldn't be re-elec-
ted for saler of weights and meas-
ures. Such are some of the beauties
of a Republican form of misgovern-
ment. And if the right man would
apply to me cousin he could get a lu-
crative engagement to murder old
Grayley. If I wasn't afraid of Bergh
and his cruelty society, be gorra I'd
chance the old divil meself. If ye
hear that the philosopher is dead, ye
must cast suspicion on McFarland
or somebody.

Murderously yours,
TERENCE MCGRANT.

P. S.—As all the people are gone
from here, me cousin is going to
have a guard of soldiers detailed to
come here and protect us from burg-
lars. All me cousin's pockets are
lined wid granebacks, and divil the
bar-room open in town. Flat an
opening there is here for a nice, quiet
little saloon on the European plan.
T. McG.

Free Trade Catechism.

Who is a constant pensioner upon
the public bounty?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who amasses the largest fortunes
in this country through legislation
in his behalf?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who gets rich and lives in palatial
mansions, while his skilled workmen
remain in poverty and live in poor,
unadorned, uncomfortable houses?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Whose table is loaded down with the
rarest delicacies and costliest
wines, while the plain, homely table
of his workman is scantily furnished
with the cheapest and coarsest fare?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who reaps where he has not sown,
and gathers where he has not strowed?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who gathers the golden rewards
which should fall into the lap of ge-
nius, skill and labor?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who is a dead-weight upon com-
merce, and an incubus on the natu-
ral rights of exchange?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who asserts the fallacy that the
heavier the restrictions are placed
upon commerce, the more abundant
will be our prosperity?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who opposes protection to agri-
culture which is and always will be
the greatest industry in America?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who controls the votes of his
laborers for his own selfish purposes,
rendering inoperative the great right
of elective franchise?
The Protected Manufacturer.

Who, in short, practices Grand
Larceny upon the people of the United
States by virtue of authority
of acts of Congress?
The Protected Manufacturer.

[The election in Georgia will
be held on the 20th, 21st and 22d
days of December next. Members
of Congress will then be elected for
the remainder of the present Con-
gress, and for the Forty-second Con-
gress; members of the Legislature
and local offices are also to be cho-
sen. The elections are to be held at
each county seat.

Recently, in Berlin, six hun-
dred and fifty couples appeared dur-
ing one Sunday, to be married in
church, without previous publication
of the bans, in consequence of the
rapid mobilization of the army.

Terrible Tragedy in Grant Coun- ty, Kentucky; A Daughter Ruin- ed and a Father Slain.

An old citizen named Callahan,
living near Williamstown in Grant
County, had an attractive daughter
whom he regarded with unusual af-
fection. The son of a neighbor
named Lawrence, a young man of
good standing, became the accepted
suitor to Miss Callahan. Some time
ago Mr. Callahan, with pain and sur-
prise, learned that his child had been
seduced by Lawrence, under promise
of marriage, and that she was encein-
te. Lawrence fled from the neigh-
bor hood to avoid fulfilling his
promise, and to save himself from the
just vengeance of an injured
parent.

On Thursday he returned and
while riding along the road was sud-
denly confronted by Callahan and
son, who firmly demanded that he
should return with them to William-
stown, procure a license and then
marry the girl he had so foully wrong-
ed, or be shot upon the spot. Law-
rence, knowing that the dread alter-
native of death was sure and certain
consented to the demand. The party
then went to Williamstown, pro-
cured the license and were return-
ing to Callahan's house to carry out
their intention, when they were met
by a brother of Lawrence, who was
in company with several friends.

They all halted, and one of the op-
posite party called to young Law-
rence, who started to leave the es-
cort of Mr. Callahan and his son,
when the latter fired at him. He
broke into a run, and an indiscrimi-
nate firing took place, a ball from one
of the opposing party striking the
elder Callahan, inflicting a mortal
wound of which he in a short time
died.

The unhappy daughter, in whose
defense a father lost his life, gave
birth to a child a few hours subse-
quent to his death, and now lies in a
critical condition.

Lawrence, the seducer the cause
of this double calamity, was arrested
together with another of the party
and placed in safe keeping. It is
stated that all the parties to this
tragedy have borne good reputations
and are in good standing in the com-
munity.

[From the Maysville Bulletin.

Difficult Operation by an Emi- nent Surgeon.

We alluded recently in this paper
to a most difficult surgical operation,
performed by Dr. Josh Bradford,
of Augusta, Ky., for Ovarian Tumor,
near Sardis in this county.

It has been one of the most suc-
cessful operations of this eminent
surgeon, and is justly attracting the
attention of medical men, who speak
in flattering terms of his profession-
al abilities. We have seen a letter
from the attending physicians, Doc-
tors Dobyns and Downing, from
which it seems that the patient was
tapped a few days prior to the opera-
tion, and the amount of fluid then
drawn off, together with what was
removed in flesh and fluid at the time
of the operation, amounted to seven-
ty-five pounds. From the account,
the adhesions were massive and,
apparently, insuperable, so much so,
that the operation lasted one hour.

Next to the difficult and complica-
ted adhesions, the topic of interest
among medical men seems to be that
all the ligatures applied to the nu-
merous adhesions, and the main neck
of the Tumor, were cut close and re-
turned into the abdomen. The let-
ter of Doctors Dobyns and Down-
ing states that they have ceased to
visit the patient, who is walking
about the house and yard. We are
informed that this makes thirty com-
pleted operations by Dr. Bradford,
and but three deaths, a success
greater than has been attained, heretofore,
by any surgeon in Europe,
or in this country.

How the Funding Bill Defrauds the People.

The

A. J. MOREY, Editor.



BOONE COUNTY.

A large meeting of the Democratic Voters of Boone county met in Convention at Burlington, last Monday, and unanimously determined to cast the vote of Boone county, which has 30 votes, for T. L. Jones, for Congress, on the 6th inst., at Newport.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The good people of South Carolina are preparing to pass through the same sort of scourge that the damnable Holden, and his hounds put the people of North Carolina through. The radical mongrel party cannot exist, or even triumph where niggers are rampant very long without throwing the country into a state of terrorism, which has had the effect to drive or keep peaceful minded men from the polls, heretofore; but that sort of electioneering did not prove as successful in North Carolina, as Grant, Holden & Co., had expected. It has not been clearly understood by all the mongrels in South Carolina that a policy of the North Carolina strip shall be pursued. Time will develop their meanness, as nothing but that of a black kind and character will suit a South Carolina mongrel. Were the fiends of hell made incarnate and placed on earth they could not equal in degraded acts, those which have characterized the South Carolina Carpet-Bagger, Scam-wag and nigger mongrel radical black republican. The plantation nigger with all his beastly hideousness, having grown up as a plantation slave, with no education or advice for his guidance in his freed condition, than that given him by that kind of men, who like Judas, would sell his Saviour or his country for money, we say such a nigger element as that is ruling South Carolina; and psalm-singing mongrels of the North declare that the hand of God is in the thing. To us, it looks much like the Devil. We hope that the time is not far distant, when this sort of Republicanism will be brought to an end—when this government will be administered by men, who have as white hearts as they have faces, and who will see to it that the Government of Washington will be continued and carried on for the benefit of the white man and for the white man alone.

The white people of South Carolina have been scourged sufficiently by the nigger hearted crew in that State, and will not be able to stand much more. We saw a letter from there the other day, and learned that a large number of the people had been persecuted so badly that they were compelled to leave there, and that many others were preparing to get away. Such is mongrelism, when pressed for votes.

SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

Just at this time the good people of Kentucky are terribly in earnest with reference to granting the municipality of Cincinnati the privilege of building a Railroad through our State.

We are pleased with the spirit, and its indications will undoubtedly be heeded—and we hope it will become boisterously spirited, and continue to grow stronger and stronger until the clabber-headed Legislators will render that kind of an answer which the interests of the country and the people demand.

Out upon these anti-progressive do-nothing, say-nothing, drink-and-pay nothing kind of people.

We want some live men and women for Kentucky just now. We want earnest, honest men, with none of the dog in the manger spirit about them. We must have them, or we all might as well fix up a fishing pole and buy a short-gun a piece, and hunt and fish for a livelihood.

This Railroad from Cincinnati to Chattanooga will be built, and the money for its construction, much of it, will be expended in Kentucky. The Farmer, the Grocer, the Merchant, our artisans of all kinds will receive their share.

Shall it be said that these people refused to be enriched? Shall it be

said that no road shall come through Kentucky, and that the people of Kentucky didn't have brains enough to know that they would be the winner?

The people are opening their eyes everywhere. In Newport, Kentucky, a large and enthusiastic meeting was held on the 27th ult., and a great delegation appointed for Lexington, next Monday. Here are their resolutions:

Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the proposition of the City of Cincinnati, to construct the Cincinnati Southern Railway, as a great trunk line through Kentucky, and believe that it will be the forerunner of many other lines, and will in a few years add to the wealth and material resources of the State more than any other public work heretofore projected.

Resolved, That we will do all in our power honorably to enable the Trustees of the Cincinnati Southern Railway to obtain the right to spend their money in our State, in such manner, and on such terms as will be acceptable to them, and promote the true interest of the State.

On the night of the 29th a big meeting was held in Covington, and a great many people present and a large delegation was appointed for Lexington next Monday. The resolutions for the occasion were good. Here they are:

Resolved, That the building of a railroad between Covington, Kentucky, and Chattanooga, Tennessee, as proposed by the City of Cincinnati, is an enterprise of incalculable value to the State of Kentucky, and in our judgment every proper facility and encouragement should be given the City of Cincinnati for the construction of said road.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the refusal of our Legislature to grant a charter to the Trustees appointed under what is known as the "Ferguson Bill," not based upon the merits of the case, but upon local and indefensible considerations. Whatever will add to the prosperity and wealth of the State as a whole must necessarily benefit every portion of it. No local jealousies should be permitted, therefore, to stand in the way of or defeat an enterprise so advantageous to the public in general.

Resolved, That we will heartily co-operate with the citizens of other portions of our State in the use of all proper means to secure from the Legislature of Kentucky such legislation as is required to secure the completion of the proposed road.

The people of Danville have held a big meeting and will have a delegation at the great Railroad Mass Meeting in Lexington.

The people of Woodford, have held a meeting and sent delegates. The whole country are fully aroused on the Southern Railroad question, and we want the people of Harrison to come forward next Saturday, promptly, and let us have a "Thunderer" in the way of a Railroad meeting. Everybody, irrespective of parties is invited.

[For the Cynthiana News.]
NEAR CYNTHIANA, Oct. 5th, 1870.

MR. EDITOR:—As you have lent the columns of your paper, in the interest of the Common Schools, to other teachers, I beg the permission, this week, of saying a few words, bearing on this subject, which is certainly one of vital importance to the people.

On next Monday the Justices of the Peace will elect a Commissioner of Schools, who will serve for two years. Now, it is impossible for our schools to prosper and increase in usefulness, unless we have at their head a gentleman whose educational attainments as well as known energy and interest in those schools will guarantee a faithful and efficient discharge of the duties of the office. Until recently, as is well known to our teachers, the office has generally been held by men abundantly competent, it is true, but being burdened with other duties, they rarely found time to attend to many of the most essential duties of the office.

Our present Commissioner, I am gratified to be able to testify, has happily inaugurated a new era in the history of our country schools, and already are the fruits of his labors manifest, in the augmented interest shown in the success of the system as well as in the unusual number of schools in actual progress at this time.

If not regarded as intruding, I would therefore, respectfully beg leave to add my humble voice to those that have already given expression to their wishes, that in behalf of the educational interests of our country, a side from all personal considerations, our present Commissioner be retained.

Respectfully, A LADY TEACHER.

The Kentucky Central Railroad Suit.

In the suit of the old stockholders of the Covington and Lexington Railroad Company against the heirs of R. B. Bowler and others, involving the title to what is now known as the Kentucky Central Railroad, and which has been pending several years in the Kenton Circuit Court was decided on the 20th, by Judge Menzies in favor of defendants. The case was one of great magnitude. The plaintiffs prayed an appeal, and will, of course, take the case to the Court of Appeals.

[For the Cynthiana News.]

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

On the 29th ult., Mr. Robert Smith, living near Buena Vista, familiarly known as "Uncle Bob," celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his wedding day.

Mr. Smith was married at the age of 26, and therefore was 76 years old on the fiftieth return of the anniversary of his wedding.

His estimable consort, venerable, and bent with the weight of years, is but a few months his junior.

The celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of their married life was attended by about one hundred and seventy-five of their neighbors and friends, only four of whom were present when the nuptial ceremony was performed fifty years before. What mighty and varied events have been crowded on the page of history within the space of their married life!

Fifty years ago, what is now the county of Harrison, presenting to the eye a vast array of cultivated fields and beautiful pastures, was nearly a wilderness. The wolf and the deer roamed through the forests. No shrill whistle of the locomotive, borne on the wings of the steam, greeted the ears of the lone husband man, as he went to his task in the early morning to clear away the primeval forest, surrounding his little log hut.

When we compare the difficulties and inconveniences under which our fathers labored and lived, to the facilities we now enjoy, we can form an adequate idea of the immense strides that have been made in our material progress.

Salt, in those days, was procured from the Blue Licks, in Nicholas county, by means of pack-saddles, carried on horses, wagons or common roads having not yet come into ordinary use. The merchants replenished their store of goods in the same manner, bringing their stock on horseback across the mountains from Philadelphia.

The art of making whisky was known to our fathers.

Mr. Smith was one among the first manufacturers in this county of this exhilarating beverage. And to their credit be it said, that they made no inferior article. The spurious beverage, falsely called whisky, which carries poison to the human system, was unknown to our good old fathers. They made the very best of copper distilled whisky, and drank no other. The process of manufacturing was simple.

Mr. Smith, when engaged in preparing this luxury for the palates of his countrymen, in the place of a pump, dipped the water, used in his distillery with a bucket, and carried his grain on a horse to a neighboring mill, that was turned by horse power. Early in the morning, having started the fires under the kettles, he repaired to the "clearing," with his ax, and at night on his return, finished up the business of the still house. This whisky was sold for 12½ cents per gallon.

Read this, ye Megibbys, ye Cooks and Ashbrooks, who bring to your aid the resources of the county, and thousands of capital, and the mighty power of steam to quench the thirst of the children of our fathers who lived in such simplicity!

But if I were to record all that old father Smith related to me on his golden wedding day, about the history of those days when he was a young man, the columns of the "News" would not hold out. Therefore, I shall conclude after expressing the hope that the venerable couple, who amid the rejoicings of their children and grand children, and neighbors, on last Tuesday celebrated their Golden Wedding, will live to celebrate on the seventy-fifth return of their marriage day a Diamond Wedding.

A GUEST.

Premiums Taken by Kentuckians.

The following are the premiums taken by Kentuckians at the Illinois State Fair on the 29th ult.: Gus Shropshire, Paris, best heifer one year and under two, on Fanny Forester; L. L. Dorsey, Louisville, best brood mare over seven years old, on Leaf of Gold Dust. A. C. Shropshire, of Leesburg, Harrison county, had a fine herd of short-horns on the ground, and sold to Harvey Sandusky, of Vermilion county, Illinois, himself an ex-Kentuckian, two heifers, one a yearling and one a two-year-old, for \$4,000. Augustus Shropshire, of Bourbon, had with him a yearling bull, the Duke of Townsend, valued at \$2,000.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS.

THURSDAY, September 29th.

Intense excitement has been created in diplomatic circles at London by the receipt at the Foreign Office of a note from Russia declaring that Prussia is continuing the war for the purpose of acquiring vast possessions which will make her the dominant power in Europe. The note is regarded as a virtual declaration of war against Prussia. An attaché of the Russian legation states that the movement in Turkey was only a feint, and that 400,000 troops were now massed on the Russian frontier. Strasburg, after a heroic defense, surrendered yesterday morning at two o'clock to the Prussians. By this surrender four hundred and fifty-one officers and seventeen thousand men laid down their arms. The Prussians have not yet entered Orleans. They came near the city and then commenced moving back toward Paris. It is stated that Prince Albert received a dispatch which seemed suddenly to change his plans. The Prussians have entirely evacuated Fontainebleau. The Prussians attacked Raon on Monday, but were repulsed. An armistice of forty-eight hours was concluded at Mezieres on Monday, for the removal of the wounded. The Prussian corvette Bertha has been sunk in the Euxine Sea after a protracted engagement with three French frigates. The British Cabinet meets on Friday to consider the question of intervention. It is semi-officially reported at Berlin that Montigny has been taken.

FRIDAY, September 30th.

It is stated in addition to the important intelligence conveyed in our special dispatch yesterday, that the Russian Minister at Berlin has been instructed to demand of Prussia a full and categorical explanation of her purposes and policy in continuing the war with France. There is great excitement both in Berlin and London. The English Cabinet was called to meet yesterday, instead of Friday, in consequence of an urgent dispatch from Lord Lyons, British Minister at Paris, who calls upon England to interfere and compel a peace between all Europe. A London dispatch states that the military preparations of Russia are proceeding on a gigantic scale. There is great activity everywhere. The French made another sortie at Metz on Tuesday, the 27th. The force consisted of cavalry and artillery, which advanced as far as Aisle Queux, where the Prussians were encountered. After a severe conflict the French were defeated, though they carried off their wounded and dead, and all the Prussian prisoners captured. The Prussians have occupied Strasburg. An armistice has been concluded with the Prussians at Mezieres. It is thought it will continue until October 7. Verdun is besieged, but the Prussians have made no strong demonstrations against the place. The Prussians have captured Clarmont and Soissons has been surrounded. General Cluseret, heading a revolutionary party, forced his way into the town Hall at Lyons yesterday, and harangued the people. The National Guard immediately arrested him and his adherents. A dispatch from Berlin states that the negotiations for the entry of the South German States into the Northern Confederation have failed.

THE GREAT FLOOD.

Immense Destruction in Virginia.

A NUMBER OF LIVES LOST.

RICHMOND, VA., October 2.

At midnight last night the river was still rising, and inundating still further the lower part of the city. Hundreds of persons were busy carrying off furniture from houses about to be swept away. In front of the St. Charles Hotel, about the center of the city, is anchored a schooner. Her crew pull off in boats as regularly as if at sea. Last night the Western Union Telegraph Office was crowded with anxious people, trying to ascertain the whereabouts of friends who left in the late trains, and for whose fate they were anxious. The announcement that the river at Lynchburg was rising again, created much concern. In the lower part of the city, the only object of attention was a single gas lamp that still burned, though within a few inches of being submerged. The Richmond and Petersburg Railroad have put on four times the usual number of cars, so as to accommodate the Southern travel. The flood on the Anna River is the highest since 1857.

The families of Mr. Jennings and Mr. Miller, whose houses were near the river, were washed away, in all five persons. Jennings is supposed to have been drowned. His wife and two children are known to have perished. A young lady of the family clung to a tree forty-eight hours, but was washed away and drowned. Her death was witnessed by the crowd on the other bank of the river, but no boat was near by in which she might have been rescued. On the Manassas Railroad the bridges across the Northern and Southern Shenandoah rivers are gone. No information has been received from beyond Strasburg. Many lives are known to have been lost. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad above Harper's Ferry has been swept away. Scottsville, in Albemarle County is inundated, and the destruction of property is very great. Eighteen lives have been lost. Trains are running regularly between Alexandria and Richmond.

MONDAY, October 3rd.

A dispatch from Tours, dated yesterday, says an engagement was then going on near St. Germain, on the road to Beauvais. It is reported that 4,000 Prussians have occupied Mantes. The National Guard now in active service at Paris numbers 375,000 men. A dispatch from Toul states that for three days cannonading has been heard in the direction of Pont a Mousson. It was reported that General Bourbaki had made a successful sortie from Metz, and that the Prussians lost very heavily. There is a rumor that the Duke of Nassau has been shot while riding in his carriage. General Ulrich arrived at Tours Saturday, and met with an enthusiastic reception. The sortie made at Soissons have been repulsed by the Germans. The French have asked a truce to bury the dead. The Germans at Strasburg captured one hundred and seventy siege guns, and the property in the bank at that place is estimated at \$300,000 francs.

TUESDAY, October 4th.

A dispatch from General Trochu reports a reconnaissance in force on Friday occupying Meville, l'Hay, Thias and Choisy l'Ro, which had been occupied by the Prussians. After a short engagement the French retired, in good order, under the guns of Forts Bietre and D'Ivry. A London dispatch says that on this day the Prussians captured 509 prisoners. Another account says 300 prisoners were taken and the French lost 1,200 in killed and wounded. General Guillaum was among the wounded.

A dispatch from Colmar reports that on Sunday another body of Germans crossed the Rhine and are moving on Mulhausen, another body is near Schleistadt and Neuf Chateau.—A corps of 100,000 men are forming at Toul to operate against Lyons. Bazaines army at Metz is reported in excellent condition. Strasburg has been required to quarter 8,000 troops released from the requisition for money. The sickness in the Prussian army is reported to be increasing. Count Bismark states that the reported conversation between King William and Napoleon, given by Dr.

Russell, of the London Times, is a piece of invention throughout. A letter of Napoleon to the King of Prussia, in regard to the recent peace negotiations, is given in our dispatches.

WEDNESDAY, October 5th.

A special dispatch from Ostend says Prussia has demanded an explanation and an apology from the American Minister at Berlin, on account of an alleged violation of neutrality by the United States in permitting a shipment of munitions from New York to French ports. A French account of the battle near Paris on the 30th states that the Prussians were worsted at first, but afterward brought up a large force of artillery, when the French retreated. They were not pursued, and did not lose a man on the retreat. A dispatch from Rouen says continuous firing was heard yesterday on the heights of Epernon and around Romboillet. The Allgemeine Zeitung, in an official article on the position of the neutrals in the war, says Russia has sent a note to the Great Powers inviting attention to a basis of peace. Russia declares for the integrity of France, but for the dismantling of all the French fortresses on the German frontier, and an indemnity for the expenses of the war.—This, says the writer, is the plan of Napoleon. Austria proposes that that Alsace and Lorraine be made neutral territory, their neutrality to be guaranteed by all the European Powers. The Prussians, it is reported, have burned the village Bastilles, and 1,600 women and children were burned and massacred. M. Thiers, according to a London dispatch, says his representations to Russia were confined to placing the Tours Government in the most favorable light, and to showing the risks of Prussian aggression. He made no proposition whatever. A dispatch from Neuf Chateau says it is rumored there that the body of General Von Moltke was in the lead which recently passed through town.

A TORPID SYSTEM.

Sometimes, without any assignable cause, the physical strength and animal spirits give way, and a strange torpor falls on the body and intellect. There is little or no pain perhaps, but the natural vigor and elasticity of the nervous and muscular system seems to have departed, and an indifference to the pleasures of life, and even of its grave responsibilities, takes the place of that earnest interest in both which characterizes every well balanced mind when in a healthy condition.

This state of partial collapse is often the precursor of more serious and serious malady. It indicates unmistakably that the vital powers are languishing and need a stimulant. In such cases the effect of a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is wonderfully beneficial. The great tonic wakes up the system from its drowsy state. The secretions and the circulation receive a new impetus. The relaxed nerves recover their elasticity under the operation of the specific, like freshened strength of a musical instrument in the process of tuning. Lethargy and debility are replaced by energy and vigor, the spirits rise, and life takes almost seemed a burden while the season of depression lasted, becomes once more enjoyable. That such a radical change should be produced by a remedy entirely devoid of the powerful alkaloids and minerals so extensively used in modern practice, may seem incredible to those who pin their faith on the medical efficacy of active poisons, but if these skeptics will take the trouble to enquire of those who have tested the corrective and alternative virtues of the Bitters under the circumstances described, they will find the statement to be true.

October 6, 1870—1mo.

MISLER'S HERB BITTERS.

This celebrated tonic and stimulant will restore the digestive organs to a perfectly healthy state. It will thoroughly eradicate all morbid matter from the blood, cleanse the entire system, and produce the most vigorous action of the different organs of the human body. It is the Great Blood Purifier and Lymphatic Remedy for Dyspepsia, Cholera, Cramps in the Stomach, Headache resulting from a deranged Stomach, and also that harassing disease Sick Headache, Biliousness, etc. The fact that in all parts of the land the medical faculty prescribe MISLER'S HERB BITTERS for their patients who are afflicted with these diseases, should convince the most skeptical that this proprietary compound is a medicine upon which they can rely as absolutely efficacious in curing such diseases as we have enumerated above. Sold by all druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

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BUILDING MATERIALS.

LOUGHEAD & PORTER,

DOORS, SASH AND SHUTTER MANUFACTURERS

Of Every Description,
No. 22 HANDEL STREET,
West of C. & D. R. Depot,
CINCINNATI, O.

August 18, 1870—4m—5dm

SHOP Made Boots and Shoes, for Men and Boys, Ladies, etc.

Made to order and warranted to fit and give satisfaction to the wearer.
D. A. GIVENS,
September 22, 1870—4w.

RICHMOND, October 2.

A dispatch from Lynchburg this morning estimates the loss there by the flood at \$100,000. The loss of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad is \$500,000 loss to canal is \$250,000 and to South Side Railroad \$500,000.

On Thursday, while the water was rising, Bates, daughter and servant girl, Robert Whitelaw, wife and three children, and a colored woman with her two children, were standing on an abutment of a canal bridge, waiting for a boat to take them off, when a dredging machine broke loose from above, and drifting against the abutment, carried it away with all that was on it. All were lost.

WASHINGTON, October 2.

The heavy rain of to-day and to-night creates apprehension of an additional damage from the flood.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 2.

The direct communication between Washington and Lynchburg is entirely interrupted, wires washed away at several places on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and probably will be some days before it can be repaired. The lines are also down between Richmond and Lynchburg, and all business for southern places is so via Augusta and Atlanta.—New Orleans business is also sent

via Augusta, or by the Cincinnati and Memphis routes. At one time it was feared that the wires would be carried away by the Rappahannock at Fredricksburg and all communication with the South cut off, but that danger is now past. The Baltimore and Ohio route, to Wheeling and Cincinnati is in good working order.

FORTRESS MONROE, October 2.

A storm from the north-east set in last evening and still continues blowing a gale. The Roads are full of shipping.

BALTIMORE, October 2.

A private dispatch from Harper's Ferry states that the number of lives lost at that place by the flood is forty-seven. Immense damage has been done in the valley of the Shenandoah. The Winchester Railroad, between Harper's Ferry and Halltown, is badly damaged. Above Harper's Ferry, the rise and flood is confined to the Shenandoah. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad track is injured. The rain recommenced at one o'clock this afternoon and continues steadily at the present hour, eleven P. M.

HARPER'S FERRY, October 2.

About forty-seven lives were lost and thirty dwellings washed away by the flood. Benjamin and James Bateman and their families, Mrs. Shipps and family, Mrs. Carroll, and Jerry Harris, (colored) wife and two daughters are known to be drowned. All the buildings on the south side of the Shenandoah are injured and nine entirely washed away. Only a few buildings remain on the Island, and it was there the greatest destruction of life occurred.

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W. W. BEAN

Tanner and Courrier,

DEALER IN
Leather, Hides and Oil, French
Domestic Calf Skins and Kips
Shoe Findings, &c.,
No. 35, Lexington Pike,
COVINGTON, KY.

Market price paid for Hides and Leather
the rough.
N ov. 26, '68-1y.

H. Kassauer,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
Candies, Wholesale and Retail
Scott's St., bet. Third & Fourth,
COVINGTON, KY.
(All orders promptly attended to.)
June 24 6m.

Lumber! Lumber!

Shingles, Laths, Sash,
DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

We are now prepared to furnish all the
above articles of
Greatly Reduced Prices.
and as low as they can be bought in Cin-
cinnati.

Being connected with one of the largest
manufacturers of Lumber at Saginaw,
Michigan, enables us to sell in any quantity
cheaper than any other dealer in this city.
We have now in our yard
2,000,000
net of seasoned Pine, Poplar and Hemlock
lumber.

Extra "A" No. 1 is inch sawed shingles.
500,000
thousand. Delivered on board of cars with-
out extra charge.

CHARLES & MATTHEWS,
Lumber Dealers,
No. 68 Pike Street, Covington.
July 1, 1870.

NEW GROCERY HOUSE.

A NEW FIRM.

PAUL KING, JR., F. G. ASHBROOK,
King & Ashbrook,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERY STORE,
At Jett's old stand.

ARE now receiving and opening their
new stock of groceries, consisting of
every article kept in a well arranged family
Grocery and Provision Store. They will
continue to receive as fast as the necessity
demands all the new and fresh groceries,
and at as cheap rates as they can be had in
the city for.

By attention to business, we expect to
merit the favor of the public, and especially
from our numerous friends. Goods given
in exchange for country produce.

FOR RENT!

Reneker's Hall, heretofore occupied by
Mr. Smith for a School, is now for Rent. It
is the best location in the city for a school,
and the terms will be easy. For further
particulars apply to A. RENEKER.
August 4, 1870—1y.

HUNT & PAYNE,

Plain and Ornamental House and Sign
Painting, Corner Walnut and Pleasant Sts.,
Cynthiana, Ky. Executes every descrip-
tion of Painting and Paper Hanging, Promptly
to Order.
July 28, 1870—3mos.

R. J. CUMMINS,

UNDER TAKER,
Main Street, Cynthiana, Ky

HAVING a splendid Hearse with elegant
Equipments, I have made extensive
arrangements to meet all the demands in my
line. I am now prepared to attend promptly
to Undertaking in all its branches.
Coffins,
Metallic Burial Cases,
Caskets, etc.,
Of the handsomest Patterns, and of the most
durable Material.
Wooden Coffins made to Order in any
style desired.
September 8, 1870—1y.
R. J. CUMMINS.

FINE BULL FOR SALE

A No. 1 Thoroughbred Young Bull—
about 2 months old—his color red, for sale.
BEN. DESHA.
July 14, 1870

HOW IS

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA, KY.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1870.

LOCAL MATTER.

Take Notice.
All persons having notices in this column will be charged 20 cents per line.

For Sale.
A number of papers for sale at the News office for \$1.00 per hundred.

Great Bargains.
Chas. Rieckel, has now on hand the finest assortment of Watches and Jewelry ever offered in this city, all of which he will offer at Cost until after Court Day. Call and see him, as you will be sure to get a bargain. September 29, 1870.

Coal Business.
Mr. H. D. Frisbie, Coal Merchant of this city, informs us that times are "hard," therefore he has concluded to sell coal to suit the times. To-day, he is selling Youghiogheny at 24 cents, in cars, by car load, and 25 cents delivered in city—27 cents by cart load. Cannel 27 cents on cars by car-load, 29 cents delivered in city and 31 cents by cart load; but these prices are strictly cash, and he wants all his customers to come prepared to pay Cash for Coal, as he can not purchase coal to sell at the above prices unless he pays cash for it, as he has quit the credit business altogether. Any one wishing coal can send in their orders without sending the money, but they must expect the bill to come with the coal. All orders will be promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. The main object is to satisfy, but the cash must come at these prices as these are lower than Covington prices.
October 6, 1860—4f.

Look Here.
They have just received one of the largest Stocks of Boots and Shoes in the market, at the Stone Front. Call and examine for yourselves.
September 23, 1870—2w.

Jewelry.
Watches, Clocks, Plated Ware, &c., at cost at Chas. Rieckel.

Church of the Advent—Protestant Episcopal.
The first meeting of the Cynthiana Mite Society, for the season of 1870 and 1871 will be held at the residence of the President, Mrs. C. B. Cook, on Friday evening next, the 7th inst., at seven o'clock.
A cordial invitation is extended to all friends. W. THARNE, Rector.

Our Fathers House, or the Unwritten Word.
This beautiful volume will be delivered to those who have subscribed for it during this and the coming week. To avoid delaying the Agent whose time is valuable, please be ready with the price of the Book on its presentation. After looking over a copy of the work, we have no hesitation in commending it to Parents, as a good Book to be placed in the hands of their children. The Engravings alone are worth the price of the Book.

Come In.
Now is your time to buy cheap Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, &c.—Chas. Rieckel will sell at Cost until after County Court Day.

Palatial Passenger Car.
The Covington and Lexington Railroad Company, have recently finished and placed upon their road, two of the finest passenger cars ever manufactured in Kentucky, or the United States. They have all the conveniences and late improvements which are found on Eastern made cars, but surpasses them in elegance and ease—all the beauty of style with better ventilation—all or more room with greater facilities for circulation and comfort, in fact, everything connected with a palatial passenger vehicle, which will give safety, speed and comfort to those who travel on this great thoroughfare. This shows much enterprise in the Company; and as Mr. J. R. Ledyard is the gentleman who originated and suggested these improvements and carried them out, to the fullest extent, he is entitled to the highest commendation for capacity, energy and elegance, in this line, and deserving of confidence for his honesty and trustworthiness, for his faithfulness to the best interest of the Company, the Road and the Public.

Fine Whisky.
Wigglesworth & Co., have been manufacturing whisky of a superior kind. They have a lot on hand made some eighteen months since which they will sell to suit the times and purchasers. Send for a sample.—Post Office Cynthiana.

Railroad County Mass Meeting!

SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

From Cincinnati to Chattanooga.

There will be held at the Court House, in Cynthiana, on Saturday, October 8th, 1870, a Mass Meeting of the People of Harrison county, for the purpose of appointing delegates, and passing proper resolutions, expressive of their feelings in this Great Internal Improvement, to represent this county at the Mass Convention to be held at Lexington, Ky., Monday, the 10th of October.

The matter is one of great importance. Let every man attend.

A. H. Ward, A. J. Beale, J. N. Frazer, A. J. Perrin, W. W. Trimble, J. M. Givens, A. J. Morey, J. T. McClintock, J. S. Boyd, J. F. Lebus, Dr. L. Perrin, H. E. Shawhan,

Town Talk.
Last Saturday morning the Accommodation Train from Lexington, broke a hind leg of the Cow of David Boggs, near the Flouring mill of Cook & Musser.

Musquitoes are too plentiful in Cynthiana.

J. S. Frizelle, of Dayton is in Cynthiana.

The season for gathering nuts is near at hand.

Fresh Oysters for sale at A. Wittman's Columbo Saloon.

Mr. Biggerstaff, of Bath county has been in Cynthiana.

The St. Louis Fair is now in operation.

Don't forget the Railroad meeting next Saturday. Let everybody attend.

If the Southern Railroad is built there is more than two to one already bet that a large Machine Shop will be located in Cynthiana.

The Cynthiana, or "Maiden City," "Base Ball Club," beat the Georgetown Club, last Saturday, some 19 scores. The Georgetown boys are a well behaved and gentlemanly set. Long may they wave.

Frisbie's Coal is now in demand. Cynthiana has a Prophet.

The Lexington Observer and Reporter has put on a new dress. It looks enterprising and handsome.

Fire Last Sunday Night.

The Soap Factory of Schumacher & Berry, in this city was entirely destroyed by fire last Sunday night, about 7 o'clock. Loss about \$500, partly insured.

Large Sweet Potato.

John W. Galbreath, of this county, left at our office a Sweet potato which weighs 7½ pounds. It is of the Bermuda species, and of an excellent quality.

John Rigg—he has returned.

This sweet-scented individual who suddenly disappeared from Mt. Olivet, in Robertson, some two weeks since, has again returned, and is now at home with his family. This is his second return. He said when he returned the first time that the devil carried him off, and the Good Lord brought him back. The wonder now is who brought him back this time, and whether the people intend to submit to his style any longer, for we have heard that "Black Indians" have got his case under advisement, and he may hear it Thunder and Lightning too soon for his health. J. Rigg, will get into the Thimble Rigging business on a bigger scale than heretofore.

Land Rented.

W. P. Hedges has rented the Farm owned by the late John Jameson, for which he gives \$4.25 per acre, per annum.

Big Sweet Potatoes.

Mr. J. S. Cooper, of this county, is an enterprising Farmer. He has left at the "News" office three Louisiana Yams, which weighs 12 pounds—4 pounds each.

Harrison Hotel.

This Hotel is on Main Street opposite the Court House, and Mr. Neibel is the owner and keeper. The House has recently been renovated and filled with new and elegant furniture. The Table is filled with everything edible which the market affords. Mrs. Neibel superintends the culinary department, and the house is an agreeable place to stop at.

Died.

Near Colemansville, October 3rd, 1870, John Bruce, Sr., in the 84th year of his age. He was a soldier in the War of 1812. He was a man of energy and spoken of in the best terms by his neighbors. He has a son living in our city, named after him.

New Saloon.
Go to H. A. Pollmyer's New Saloon in Fitzpatrick's Building, Pike Street. Free opening on Saturday.

Whisky.

Cook & Wolford sold six barrels of "Old Bourbon Whisky" last week, to the "Towanda House," in Towanda, Pa., for four dollars per gallon.

Court-Day Sales in Paris.

A. W. Lydick, Auctioneer, sold at Paris Court, 22 long yearling steers for \$46 each; 11 do., \$38; 26 calves \$21; 10 do., \$29; 23 do., \$24 each; 46 two year old cattle \$65 10 cts.; 1 horse \$150; 1 do., \$112, 1 do., \$75.

Police Court.

The following named persons were before the Police Court, last week and fined for disorderly conduct: Frank Strous \$10 and cost; John Zieler \$1 and cost. By order of the Council.

Church Dedication.

On the Third Sunday of this month, the new Republican Church, near Buena Vista, in this county, will be dedicated to the service of God. Elder H. Reynolds, of the Christian Church, will officiate on the occasion. Everybody is invited, a basket dinner will be served on the grounds, amply sufficient for all.

The Patent Broom.

Mr. T. D. Woodward and Gus Wittman have purchased the right for Harrison county, on the Patent Broom, and will keep them for sale at Wittman's corner on Main Street. They are by far the most economical proposition ever presented to the Public. Call and see them. It is known as the D. J. Owen's Improved Broom.

A Negro Shot.

On last Saturday night, at Leesburg, a negro, who had once been the slave of James Warth, of Scott, was creeping into the Dry-Goods House of Jesse Lovely, when he was discovered, and Lovely put two loads of shot into him. His right arm was nearly shot off. He is now in a pitiful state, and his friend Jesse did not learn to shoot straight in his youth. Leesburg, we understand is otherwise quiet and lively.

Simmons' Liver Regulator.

Advertising will not sell worthless medicines long, as many persons have doubtless discovered; but a medicine that recommends itself, as Simmons' Liver Regulator does on trial, only requires to be kept before the public to insure success.

W. A. Reid & Co., Proprietors
Macon (Ga.) Daily Telegraph.

Cutting Affair at Walton.

About two weeks ago a difficulty occurred at Walton, Boone county, Kentucky, between Dr. S. S. Scott and Arch Edger, in which the former received a stab in the neck. On Saturday last, Edger, upon returning to Walton, from Covington, was met at the depot by Dr. Scott, who knocked him down and stabbed him with a sword-cane in several places, inflicting very severe injuries.

Internal Revenue.

The collections of Internal Revenue in the Sixth District of Kentucky during the month of September, 1870, were as follows:

| | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Distilled spirits | \$61,817.67 |
| Cigars | 2,155.50 |
| Plug tobacco | 25,639.01 |
| Smoking tobacco | 627.49 |
| Beer | 2,891.55 |
| Other collections | 6,633.40 |
| Total | \$102,994.63 |

BERRYVILLE, KY.,
September 13th, 1870.

EDITOR, CYNTHIANA NEWS.—SIR—

You will oblige us by putting the following in your News this week: Defeat of the White Oak B. B. C. of Falmouth, by the Yellow Jackets, of Berryville, by a score of 54 to 27. The Yellow Jackets had better be watched for they will sting. The game was played at Falmouth, on September 12th, 1870. Also, on the same ground, the Yellow Jackets defeated the Magnolia, by a score of 58 to 29. Both Clubs belong to Falmouth. You will oblige us very much by putting it in your paper this week. Also you can say after we eat our supper that the boys wanted to give them a nice song, and because Falmouth had been beaten so bad the Hotel Keeper objected to us singing. T. T. TIBBATS, Capt.
W. A. PATTON, Secretary.

MARRIED.

Quite a sensation was created in fashionable circles in Covington, Monday afternoon by the announcement of the marriage of G. W. Morris, the well-known merchant and provision broker, to Mrs. Sallie E. Bruce, widow of the late Eli M. Bruce, of Confederate fame. The ceremony took place at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the summer residence of Mrs. Bruce, about eight miles from Covington. Rev. Mr. Greer, of the Episcopal Church, officiating. But few persons were present, and they were immediate relatives and connections of the bride. The bride left the same evening for a brief trip East.—Covington Reporter.

New Saloon.
Go to H. A. Pollmyer's New Saloon in Fitzpatrick's Building, Pike Street. Free opening on Saturday.

BIRTH.

To the wife of Thos. V. Ashbrook, of this city, on the 23rd ult., a daughter—Mary.

DIED.

In Millersburg, Ky., June 7th, 1870, Sadie, daughter of J. A. and Mary N. Bassett. August 11th, Willie, son of J. A. and Mary N. Bassett.
September 19th, Mary N., wife of J. A. Bassett, aged 36 years.
September 20, Richard W. son of J. A. and Mary N. Bassett.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SALE OF VALUABLE

Mill Property.

OWING to my health and Farming interests, I am determined to sell my Mill Property, corner of Mill and Walnut Sts., Cynthiana, Ky., Lot 247 by 90 feet, with dwelling containing 5 rooms; Factory 40 by 60 feet, 2-story Brick Mill House 3-story and Basement, with 2 run of Wheat and 1 of Corn Burrs; Smut Machine, Bolts, and of the best quality, and doing a custom equal if not superior, to any in the State.
Price in accordance with the times. For particulars inquire by letter or otherwise of
AARON A. DILL, On the Premises,
October 6, 1870.

WANTED AGENTS—\$75 to \$200 per month. Every where, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fust, tuck, blind, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. For only \$15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay \$1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents \$75 to \$200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.
For Circulars and Terms, apply or address, J. W. ROGERS & CO., 402 Library Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CARTOIS—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and practical cheap machine manufactured.
October 6, 1870—3mos.

D. SULLIVAN.

Painter & Glazier.

I am prepared to do work in my line of every description. Painting Houses inside and out, Paper Hanging and Glazing, and everything connected with the business.
I can be found at my residence above the Depot, in Lexington, Ky.
October 6, 1870—1y.

W. W. LONGMOOR. W. S. WALL,
HOMER LONGMOOR.

Longmoor, Wall & Co.

HAVING formed a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Furniture, Queensware and Glassware business. We would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Cynthiana, and vicinity, to our large and varied assortment of Furniture.

Complete Chamber Sets,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Chairs,
Tables, Stands, Sofas,
And everything comprised in a full and complete Stock.
Goods delivered free of Charge.
China,
Glass,
Queensware,
Looking Glasses,
Lamps,
Silver Plated Ware,
And Fancy Goods—
White China,
Gold Band and Decorated Tea-Sets,
Dinner Ware,
Knives,
Forks,
Spoons,
Castors, &c., &c.
In great variety—at old time Gold Prices.
Special attention paid to the Trade in
WALL PAPER.
Of which we intend to keep a full and complete Stock.
We also have a Stock of Hardware, which we will sell at Cost, as we wish to close it out.
We are also prepared with a complete Stock of Wood and Metallic Coffins, and an elegant Hearse, to attend all Funerals for which we may be called.
August 18, 1870.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, on the Public Square, Cynthiana, Ky., on October County Court Day,
One Bay Mare
the property of W. H. Forsyth, deceased.
M. L. FORSYTH, Administrator.
September 29, 1870—2w.

TAKEN UP.

A Yearling Steer, nearly all white, with a few red spots about his head and feet. The owner will find him on a place, about 2 miles South of Broadwell, on the Jacksonville Road, and can have him by paying for this notice.
E. ALLEN.
September 29, 1870—3w.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

C. BEAM.

Manufacturer and Dealer in
STOVES, TIN WARE.

Fashion Wood Stove, Patent 1868 Nos. 336 and 338 Court street, bet. 4th street and Lower Market space, Covington, Ky. June 25, 1869—1f.

LIFE BOAT.

A Chicago Weekly of Choice, Stirring, and Elevating Literature for old and young. A friend to all true religion and reform. Not sectarian in religious or political. A paper for the people. Should be in every family in the land. Contains sermons of London's great preacher, C. H. Spurgeon. Contains latest news and market reports up to time of going to press. One of the cheapest and liveliest papers published. Only One Dollar a Year; Six Months, 50 Cents; Three Months, 25 Cents. Single Copies, 2 cents. Address,
E. C. EGLESTON,
Editor Life Boat.
September 1, 1870.

Important Information,

FOR EVERY PURCHASER OF DRY GOODS IN THE COUNTY.

T. J. MEGIBBEN & CO.,

OF THE
STONE FRONT.

Have pleasure in announcing to the Public that they will on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11th, Open for inspection one of the Largest Stocks of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, &c., ever brought to Cynthiana. Our stock is new and just received direct from New York—and we invite everybody to come and examine our stock, as it will cost them nothing, and they will be benefited by it. Therefore, Come One! Come All!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WAS CURED OF DEAFNESS AND CATARRH by a simple remedy and will send the receipt free.

AGENTS WANTED—(\$25 PER MONTH)—by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS, MO.
September 29, 1870—3mos.

\$10 A DAY—Business entirely new and honorable. Liberal inducements. Descriptive circulars free. Address J. C. RAND & Co., Biddeford, Me.
September 29, 1870—3w.

FORTUNES. offered to live men. Rare K. Co., Wilmington, Del.
September 29, 1870—3mos.

\$2000 per year and expenses guaranteed to our world renowned, latest Silver Plated Wire Clothes Lines. For full particulars address the CINCINNATI S. W. MILLER & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
September 29, 1870—4w.

The Magic Comb will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains no poison. Any one can use it. For particulars, call on or write to
K. O. SPRINGFIELD, Del.
September 29, 1870—4w.

WANTED AGENTS—To sell the OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE. It is licensed, makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch" and is warranted for 5 years for operation. It writes in the extreme of family economy. All other machines with an under-feed for \$150 or less are infringements. Address OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Pittsburgh, Pa., or Boston, Mass.
September 29, 1870—5w.

EMPLOYMENT.

We will employ Agents in every town and state to introduce our valuable Books among which are "Mark Twain's Innocents Abroad," "Beyond the Mississippi," "Overland Through Asia and China," "Family Bible," etc. Agents can sell our books with pleasure and honor, and receive a large salary. Large commissions. All wishing to increase their means, and to do so, should send for our free explanatory circular. Our books are well known in all parts of the country. We refer to the press for testimonials. Address, AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn.
September 29, 1870—4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

FREE LOVE.

ITS VOTERIES, by Dr. F. J. B. ELLIS. The most startling book of modern times. The whole subject laid bare and its hideousness exposed to universal view. A WRITER IN THE INTERESTS OF CIVILIZATION, CHRISTIANITY AND PUBLIC MORALITY. For circulars and terms, U. S. Publishing Co., N. Y., Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.
September 29, 1870—4w.

GETTING UP CLUBS.

Great Saving to Consumers.

Parties enquire how to get up clubs. Our answer is, send for the List, and a Club form will accompany it with full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to Club organizers.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
31 & 33 VESEY STREET,
P. O. Box 942, NEW YORK.

WANTED—AGENTS, (\$20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock stitch" (like on both sides), and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family sewing machine in the market. Address, J. H. BROWN, & Co., 114 N. Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.
Sept. 29, 1870—3mos.

Wanted for

BELDEN, The White Chief

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of Plains.

THE LIFE OF GEO. P. BELDEN, who from a love of life and adventure and a desire to gain a knowledge of the Every Day Life and Peculiar Customs of the Indians, left a home of plenty in New Philadelphia, O., joined the Indians, adopted their mode of life, became a warrior of the "first-class," and chief of 100 lodges, served the Government with his brave against hostile Indians, and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family sewing machine in the market. Address, J. H. BROWN, & Co., 114 N. Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.
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Sept. 29, 1870—3mos.

\$60 A WEEK per Agent, male or female, in a new manufacturing business at home. No capital required. Address, NOLTE & CO., Saco, Me.
October 6, 1870—4w.

VINegar made from Elder, &c., in 10 hours without Drugs, sent by mail for Circular to F. SAGE, Cornwall, Conn.
October 6, 1870—4w.

\$10 MADE FROM 50 Cts!

Something urgently needed by everybody. Call and examine, or samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cts. that retail easily for \$10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 131 Chatham St., N. Y.
October 6, 1870—4w.

WANTED Agents to sell Dr. Beard's Home

Physician. The new handy book of family medicine. In sickness it tells what to do and how to do it. Let it and save Money, Health and Life; also the Illustrated Farmers and Mechanics Book of Workmen of every occupation. 21 Engravings. E. B. Treat & Co. Publishers, 64 Broadway, N. Y.
October 6, 1870—4w.

Ting-Hai Young Hyson

October 6, 1870—4w.

Farmer's Helper

Shows how to divide the profits of the Farm, and how farmers and their sons can each make

\$100 PER MONTH

In Winter, 10,000 Copies will be mailed free to Farmers. Send name and address to ZIEGLER & BROS., CINCINNATI, OHIO. October 6, 1870—4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

A. H. STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Sent for circulars, with terms and full description of the work. Address, National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo.
October 6, 1870—4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

A LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Containing Fleetwood's "Life of Christ," and "Life of the Apostles," Evangelists and Martyrs, "Doctrines of Christianity," "History of the Jews," by Josephus; "History of all religious Persecutions," with tracts and tables relating to events connected with Bible History, containing many fine engravings. The whole forming a complete Treasury of Christian Knowledge. W. FLINT, 36 S. SEVENTH ST., Philadelphia.
October 6, 1870—4w.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC!

Miss Georgia A. Richardson, will open her Music School on Monday, September 19th, 1870, being the first Monday after the close of the Harrison County Fair.

TERMS:
Lessons on Piano and Guitar, each per Session of 20 weeks \$25
Use of Instrument for Practising, for 20 weeks 5
Operative Singing for 20 weeks, 5
Ballad Singing and Theory of Music taught in Classes, Free of Charge.
No deduction, except in cases of illness, protracted beyond 3 weeks.
Miss Richardson's pupils will enter by the Session, she will collect every

